## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN NORTHERN DIVISION

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

v.	Case Number 06-20364-BC Honorable Thomas L. Ludington
GERALD WALKER,	
Defendant.	

## ORDER DENYING DEFENDANT'S MOTION FOR CREDITATION FOR TIME SPENT IN COUNTY JAIL

On August 27, 2007, Defendant Gerald Walker entered a guilty plea to conspiracy to distribute or possess with the intent to distribute fifty grams or more of cocaine base in violation of 21 U.S.C. § 846. Dkt. # 140. On November 28, 2007, the Court sentenced Defendant to be incarcerated for 120 months. At that time, Defendant was in custody for a violations of the terms of his supervised release in an unrelated criminal matter. *See* case number 03-50044. Defendant was detained in February of 2006 for the violation of supervised release and was sentenced to a term of twenty-four months incarceration in March of 2006. Defendant contends that in August of 2006 he was transferred into the custody of the United States Marshal Service for the "sole[]" purpose of his prosecution in the instant criminal matter. Defendant's instant motion requests the Court to reduce his 120 month sentence by the sixteen month period of incarceration between his arraignment and his guilty plea.

Although Defendant does not advance legal authority, his motion challenges the calculation of his sentence. 18 U.S.C. § 3585(b) provides as follows:

**Credit for prior custody.** – A defendant shall be given credit toward the service of a term of imprisonment for any time he has spent in official detention prior to the

date the sentence commences –

(1) as a result of the offense for which the sentence was imposed; or

(2) as a result of any other charge for which the defendant was arrested after the

commission of the offense for which the sentence was imposed:

that has not been credited against another sentence.

A district court, however, lacks jurisdiction over a post-conviction motion requesting sentence credit

for other time served. United States v. Westmoreland, 974 F.2d 736, 737 (6th Cir. 1992). The

Attorney General, through the Bureau of Prisons ("BOP"), has jurisdiction to calculate a sentence.

*Id.* A defendant must first challenge the BOP's calculation and exhaust available administrative

remedies. Id. Jurisdiction vests in a district court to review the BOP's calculation after a defendant

has exhausted his administrative remedies.

Here, Defendant's motion does not indicate that he has exhausted available administrative

remedies to challenge the calculation of his sentence. Thus, this Court lacks jurisdiction to grant

Defendant the relief that he seeks. He must first exhaust available administrative remedies.

Accordingly, it is **ORDERED** that Defendant's motion "for creditation for time spent in

county jail" is [Dkt. # 199] is **DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE**.

s/Thomas L. Ludington

THOMAS L. LUDINGTON

United States District Judge

Dated: September 10, 2008

-2-

## PROOF OF SERVICE

The undersigned certifies that a copy of the foregoing order was served upon each attorney or party of record herein by electronic means or first class U.S. mail on September 10, 2008.

s/Tracy A. Jacobs TRACY A. JACOBS